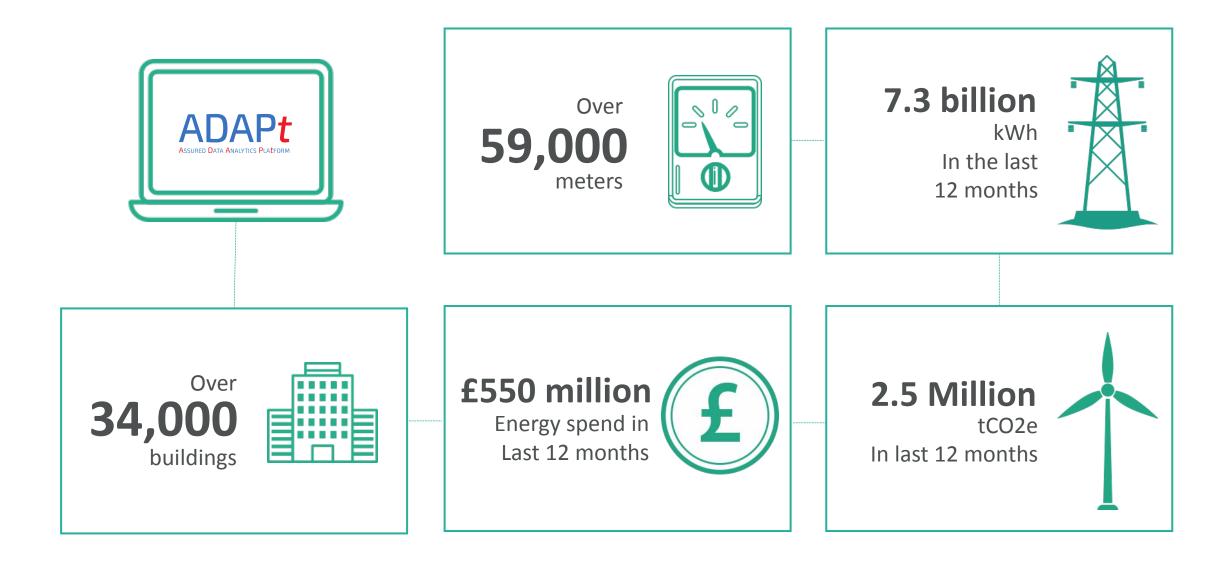






## **One Version of the Truth**

## **Our Experience**

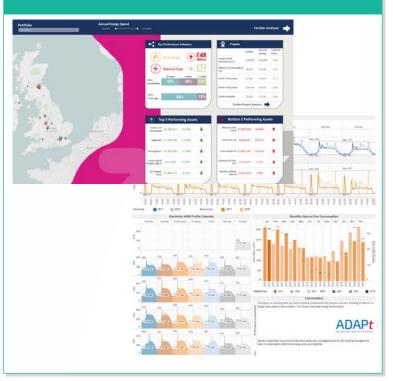


## **Our Experience**

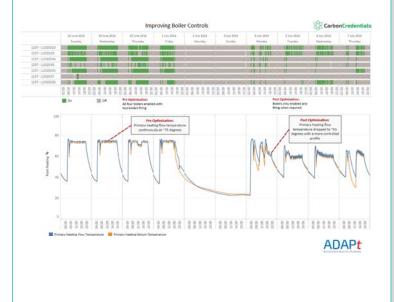
#### **Carbon Management Planning**



#### **Data Management**



#### Asset and Operational Performance Improvement



## **Data Revolution**

## **The Data Revolution**

Campus **Building Level** One version of the **Fiscal Meter** truth at all levels of ASSURED DATA ANALYTICS PLATFORM building energy data Sub Meter BMS data: - Boilers -- 00 - Air handing units - Fan coil unit - Chillers - Pumps





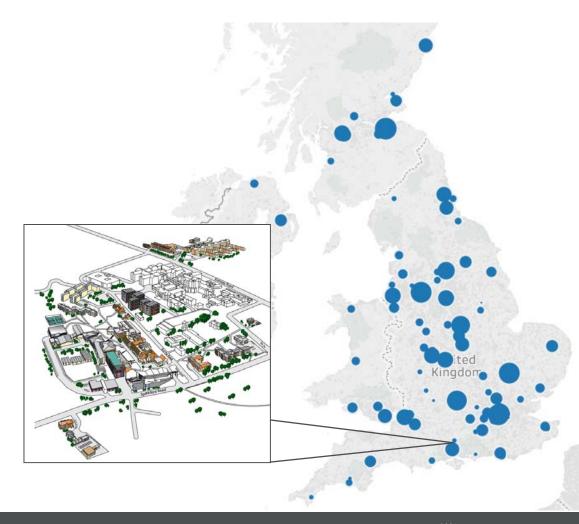
## **Innovative Approach to Data Management**





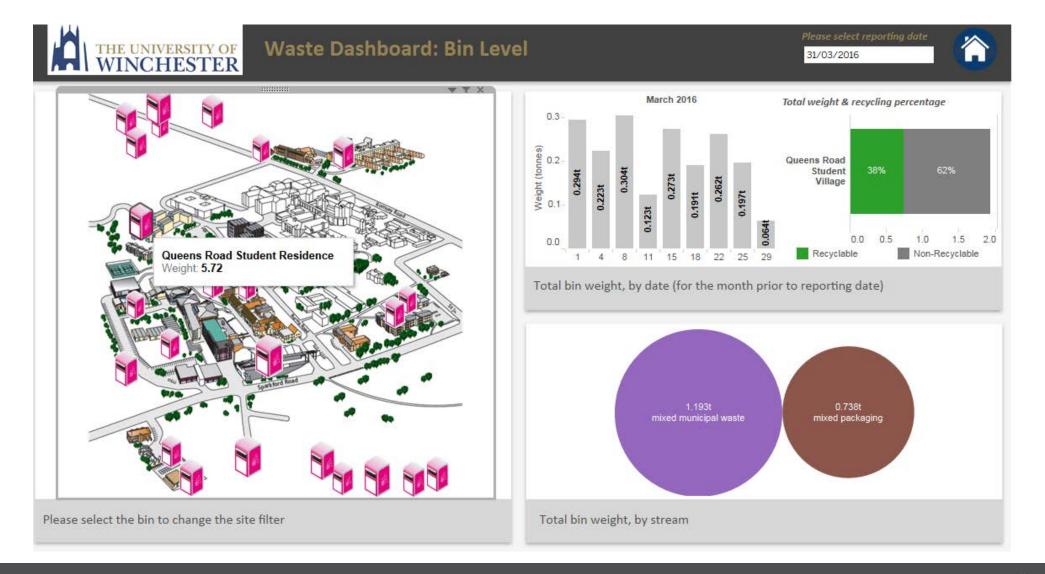
"Carbon Credentials' innovation and expertise will enable us to **get more** value out of our data and achieve our carbon management goals." Mat Jane, Head of Energy & Environment



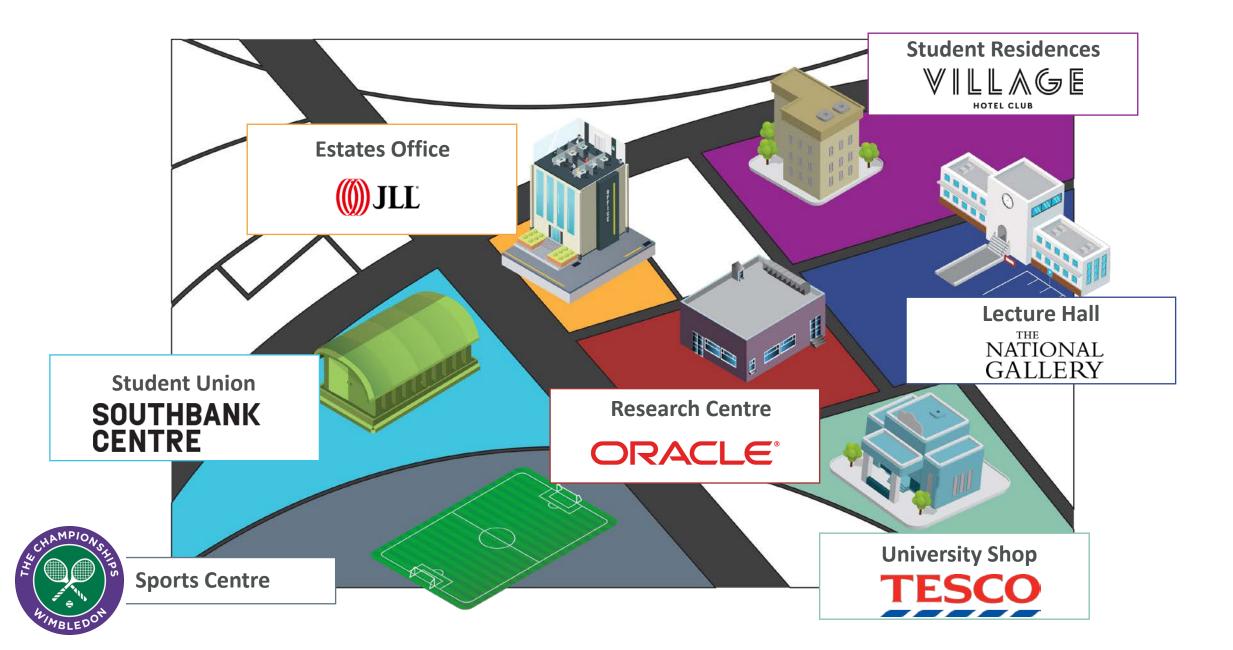




"Carbon Credentials' innovation and expertise will enable us to **get more** value out of our data and achieve our carbon management goals." Mat Jane, Head of Energy & Environment



# **Case Studies** 11/1



## Delivering Savings and Identifying Maintenance Issues

Carbon Credentials



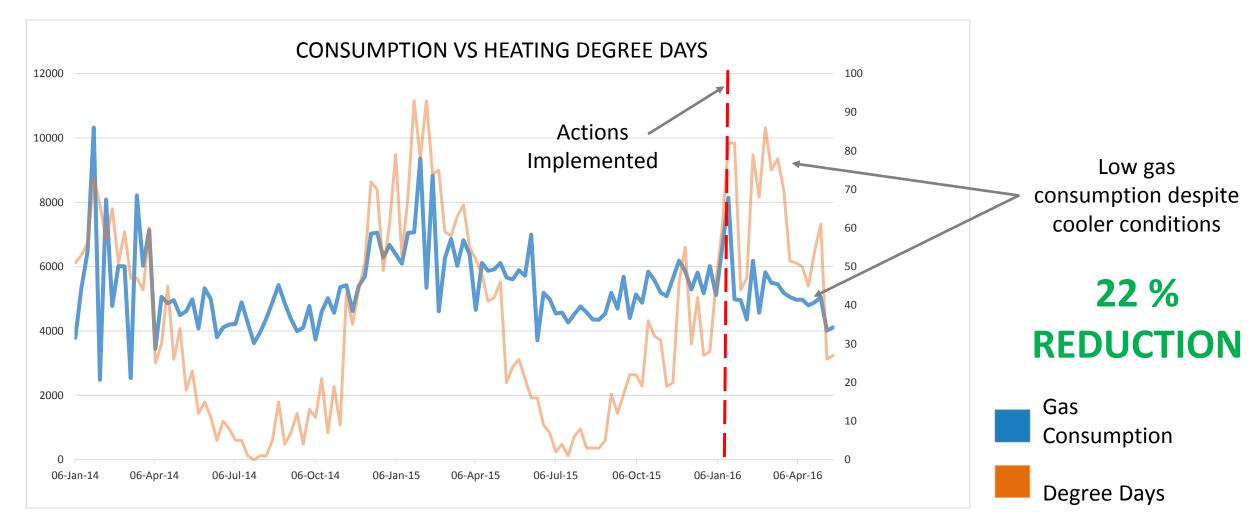
VILLAGE

THE HOTEL CLUB





#### SIGNIFICANT REDUCTION IN GAS CONSUMPTION



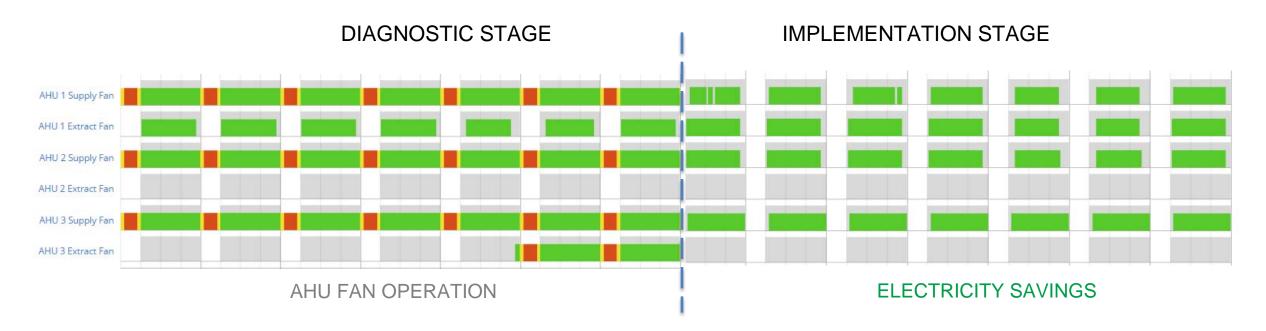


The following visuals show savings that have been achieved at asset level. The opportunity is highlighted at diagnostic stage and savings are seen after implementation.





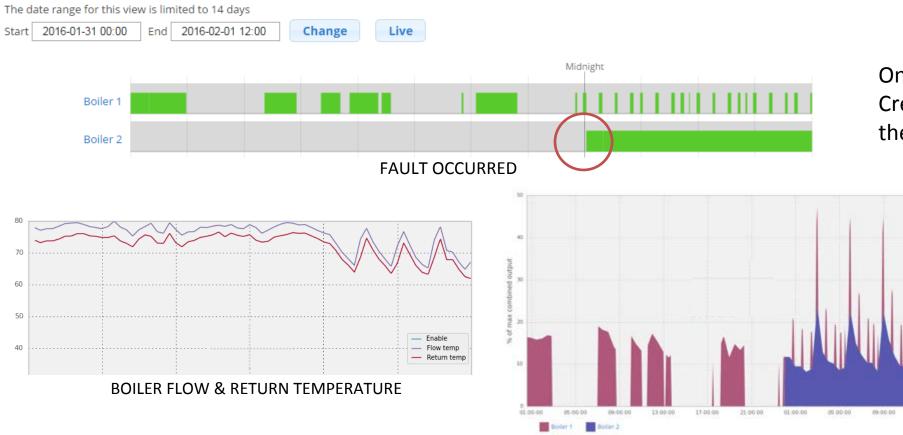
### LARGE AIR FANS RUNNING 24/7 UNNECESSARILY



*"I did not realise so much energy intensive plant was running for extensive periods of time"* Maintenance Manager



#### ADDITIONAL BENEFITS



On a Monday morning Carbon Credentials identified a fault through the platform

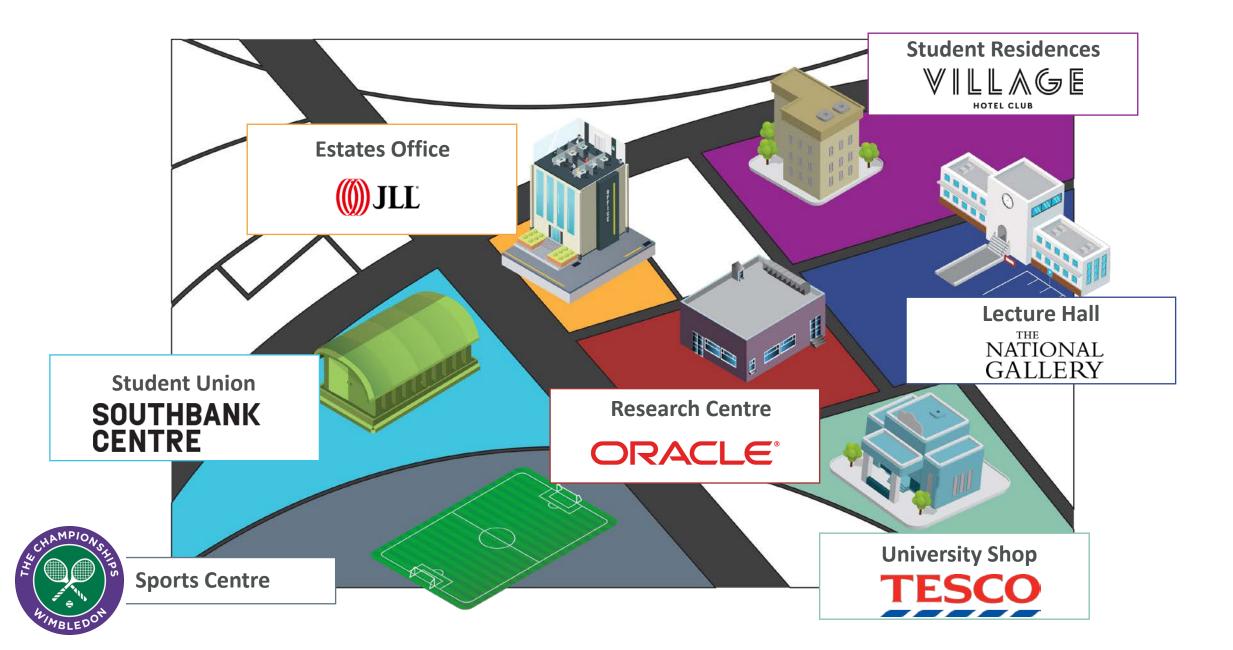
> Boiler 2 has been permanently enabled and the fault was causing significant temperature & consumption fluctuations

BOILER VIRTUAL ENERGY METER









## **Space Temperatures – 12pm to 7pm**

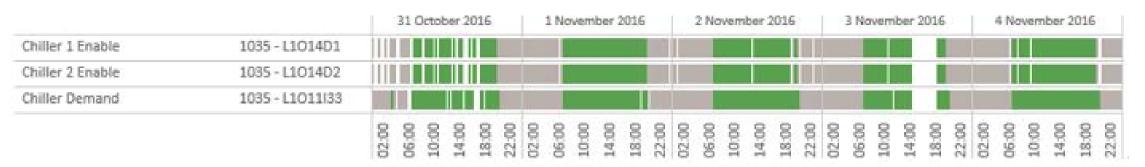
#### 21 November 2016

Reporting Name	Min	Max.	.12	PM			1 F	M			2 F	M			4 P	M			5 P	M			6 P	M			7 F	'M		
Average Room Temp From Osn12	20	23	.41	21.46	21.51	21.51	21.54	21.63	21.65	21.69	21.76	21.85	21.87	22.00	22.00	21.95	21.93	21.93	21.93	21.78	21.65	21.51	21.39	21.27	21.18	21.09	21.00	20.88	20.82	20.72
Average Building Temperature	20	23	.04	21.07	21.12	21.15	21.18	21.22	21.28	21.31	21.34	21.46	21.50	21.53	21.55	21.57	21.52	21.52	21.56	21.46	21.36	21.22	21.10	21.00	20.90	20.85	20.77	20.68	20.55	20.47
B Block 1st Floor Temperature	20	23	.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62
B Block 3rd Floor Temperature	20	23	.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.62
B Block 5th Floor Temperature	20	23	.32	20.32	20.41	20.46	20.50	20.50	20.58	20.59	20.59	20.74	20.77	20.68	20.68	20.74	20.68	20.68	20.77	20.74	0.65	20.59	20.50	20.45	20.32	20.32	20.24	20.14	20.02	19.88
Block B & C Average Temperature Av	20	23	.40	21.43	21.47	21.50	21.53	21.58	21.62	21.67	21.72	21.82	21.87	21.96	21.98	21.98	21.94	21.94	21.96	21.8	21.69	21.53	21.40	21.28	21.19	21.11	21.04	20.94	20.83	20.76
Block B & C Minimum Temperature	20	23	.02	20.11	20.19	20.29	20.33	20.38	20.47	20.55	20.55	20.73	20.77	20.68	20.68	20.76	20.68	20.68	20.77	70.72	20.64	20.47	20.29	20.11	19.96	19.84	19.76	19.62	19.49	19.40
C Block 2nd Floor Temperature	20	23	.53	22.53	22.53	22.53	22.53	22.61	22.61	22.70	22.79	22.89	22.97	23.06	23.06	23.10	23.15	23.24	23.2/	23.06	22.89	22.70	22.53	22.35	22.26	22.17	22.08	21.99	21.91	21.91
C Block 4th Floor Temperature	20	23	.74	22.79	22.74	22.74	22.74	22.83	22.91	22.84	22.95	23.00	22.91	23.10	23.19	23.10	23.00	22.91	7_91	22.74	22.56	22.38	22.28	22.25	22.21	22.12	22.10	22.02	21.93	21.86
C Block Ground Floor Temperature	20	23	.02	20.11	20.19	20.29	20.32	20.38	20.47	20.55	20.55	20.64	20.82	21.00	21.07	20.91	20.91	20.91	20.91	20.82	20.64	20.47	20.29	20.11	19.99	19.84	19.76	19.65	19.49	19.40

B Block 1<sup>st</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> floor temperature sensors thought they were above 40°C

## **Issue 1: Chillers creating unnecessary cooling**

#### Before

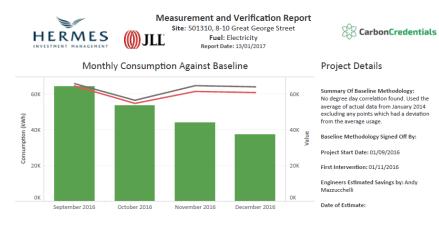


#### After

		14 Novem	ber 201	5	15 No	vembe	r 2016		16 N	ovemi	)er 20	16	1	7 Nov	embe	r 201	6	L a	18 No	wen	iber	2016	
Chiller 1 Enable	1035 - L1014D1									7 1		1						118		<b>MIN</b>			
Chiller 2 Enable	1035 - L1014D2					19							ie					118		AN			
Chiller Demand	1035 - L1011(33		1					- 86															
		02.00 06.00 10.00	14:00	22:00	06:00	10.00	18.00	22:00	00:90	10:00	14.00	22.00	02:00	00:90	10:00	18:00	22:00	02:00	06.00	10:00	14.00	18:00	22:00

Chillers now operate based on demand

# **Results: 32% and 42% savings in months 1 and 2 post implementation**

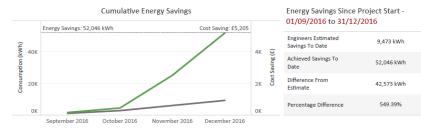


#### Adjusted Baseline Predicted Consumption Actual Consumption

#### Monthly Performance

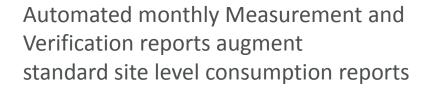
	September 2016	October 2016	November 2016	December 2016
Baseline	65,805	56,512	64,670	64,010
Baseline Adjustment				
Adjusted Baseline	65,805	56,512	64,670	64,010
Engineers Estimated Savings	1,293	1,746	3,233	3,201
Predicted Consumption	64,512	54,766	61,436	60,810
Actual Savings	1,867	2,827	20,650	26,702
Saving Percentage vs Predicted	44.38%	61.89%	538.64%	734.30%
Percentage Saving vs Baseline	2.84%	5.00%	31.93%	41.72%
Actual Consumption	63,938	53,685	44,019	37,308





#### Actual Savings Predicted Savings

#### Commentary



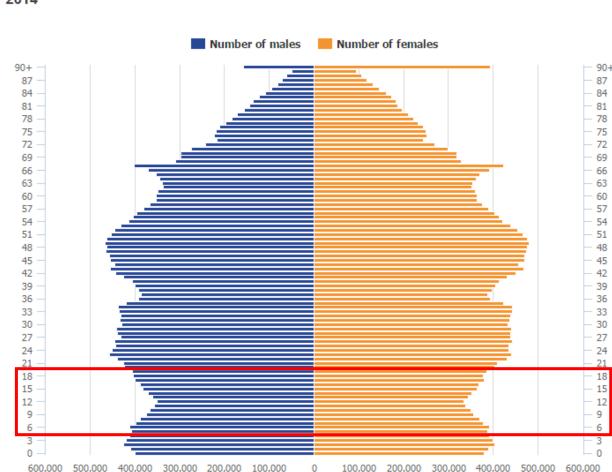
These become a key driver for additional or different action

## 31.93% 41.72%

# Why Now?

## Why Now?

## Now is the right time to focus on the **quick-win** and **lowcost optimisation projects**



#### Figure 5: UK population by single year of age

2014





## Your Opportunity: 226,000 tonnes of carbon saved



Data from HESA: 156 institutions

