

About Zero Waste Scotland

Zero Waste Scotland focus on where, as a society, we can have the greatest impact on climate change by using products and services to get the maximum life and value from the natural resources used to make them.

Using evidence and insight, our goal is to inform policy, and motivate individuals and businesses to embrace the environmental, economic, and social benefits of a circular economy.

We are a not-for-profit environmental organisation, funded by the Scottish Government and European Regional Development Fund.

Zero Waste Scotland - Our Role

Zero Waste Scotland is advising the Scottish Government on scheme design and is supporting government and industry on its implementation.

We have consulted, and continue to engage with, hundreds of organisations – from retailers and manufacturers to councils and community groups – and learned from countries that already operate a deposit return scheme.





Timeline



2010

The Scottish Government publishes its Zero Waste Plan, which includes a target of increasing recycling to 70% by 2025.



June 2014

The Scottish Government publishes its national litter strategy, towards a litter-free Scotland, which makes prevention the central focus of litter policy.



May 2015

Zero Waste Scotland publishes feasibility study on whether a deposit return scheme could work for Scotland.



Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2009 provides for the setting-up of deposit return schemes.



2012

The Scottish Parliament passes the Waste (Scotland) Regulations, which place new responsibilities for recycling on businesses.



October 2014

Scotland introduces the carrier bag charge, encouraging bag re-use and reducing litter.





February 2016

Scottish Government publishes Making Things Last circular economy strategy.



June 2018

Scottish Government begins consultation period on possible approaches for the deposit return scheme. Scotland undertakes public engagement events across all 32 local authority areas.



May 2019

Scottish Government announces the design of Scotland's Deposit Return Scheme.



Zero Waste Scotland publishes research findings after engaging with stakeholders about any potential deposit return scheme for Scotland.



September 2017

First Minister Nicola Sturgeon announces that Scotland will introduce a deposit return scheme for drinks containers.

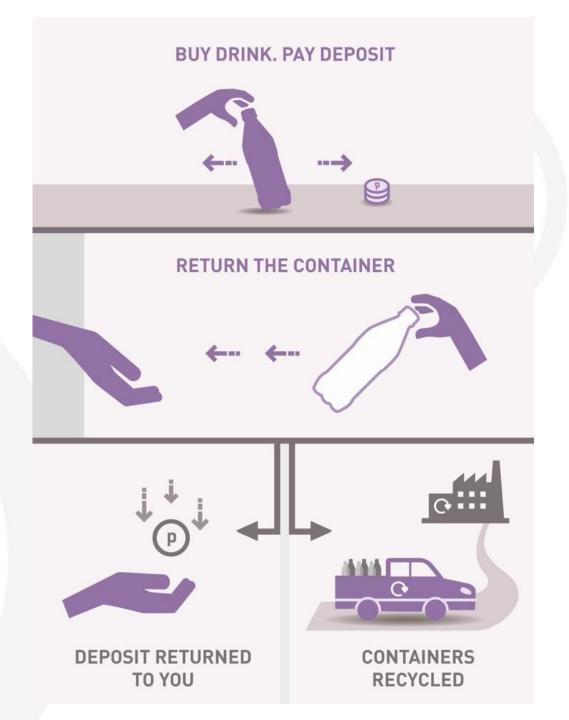


February 2019

Scottish Government publishes its analysis of the consultation.



What is a deposit return scheme?



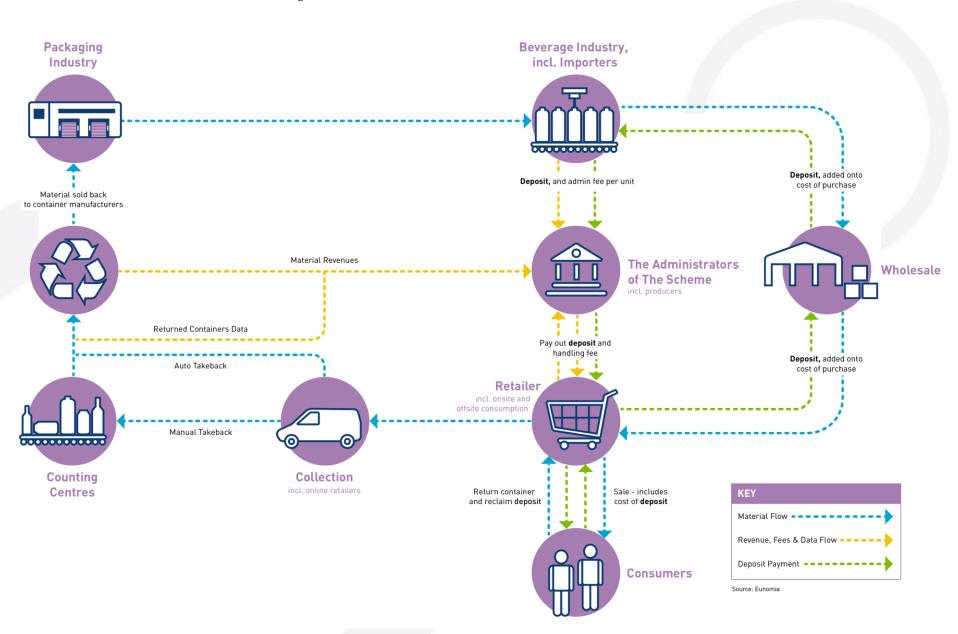
Scotland's Deposit Return Scheme

Deposit return is a crucial part of the strategy planned by the Scottish Government to tackle climate change and the problems created by single-use items. It will help us all to change our throwaway culture.





Scotland's Deposit Return Scheme



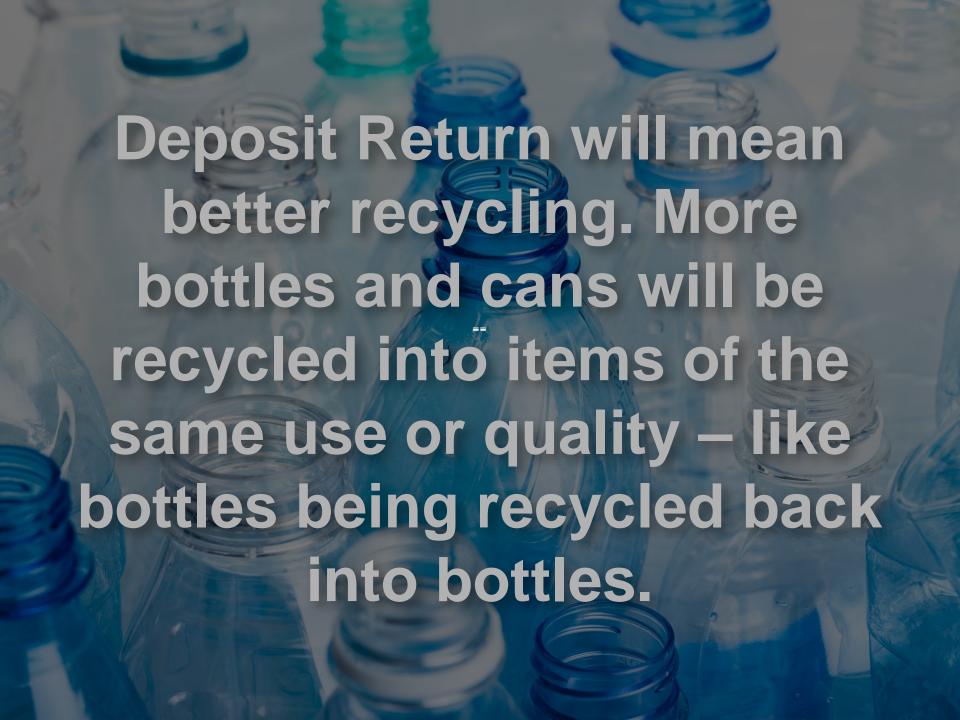
Benefits

Social Behaviour Recycling The economy quality benefits change **Tackling** Litter Recycling climate quantity prevention change

Currently, Scotland recycles just over half of drinks containers













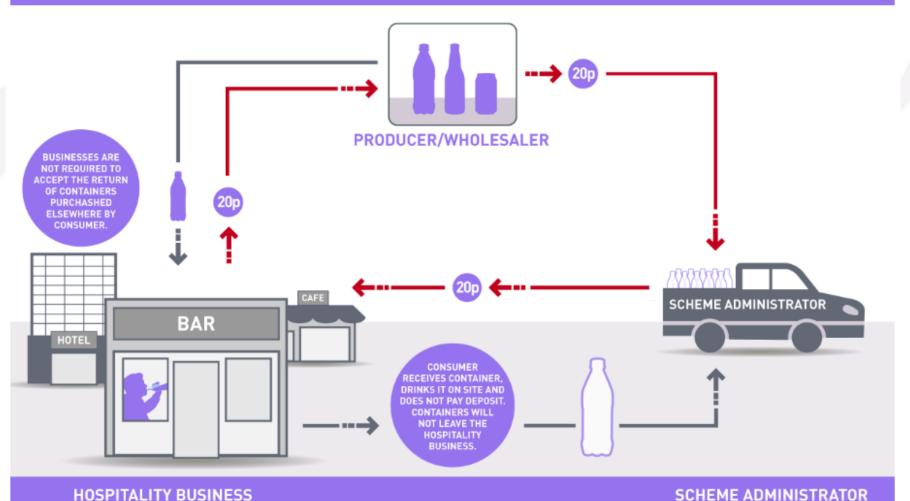
Retailers and return points

- Retailers can choose either to install an RVM machine on their premises, or alternatively to accept returns manually.
- Retailers will receive a handling fee on a per container basis, making their obligation in the scheme cost neutral. This payment will compensate things such as shop space and staff time.
- The deposit must be included in the product price of in-scope materials.
- Shops will have to display the deposit separately to the price of the drink on their in-store price points.
- Return points must accept containers and refund deposits to consumers. They must keep the containers for collection by the scheme administrator.
- Businesses that sell drinks to be opened and consumed on-site, will not have to charge the deposit to the public and will only have to return the containers they sell on their own premises.

On-site Consumption



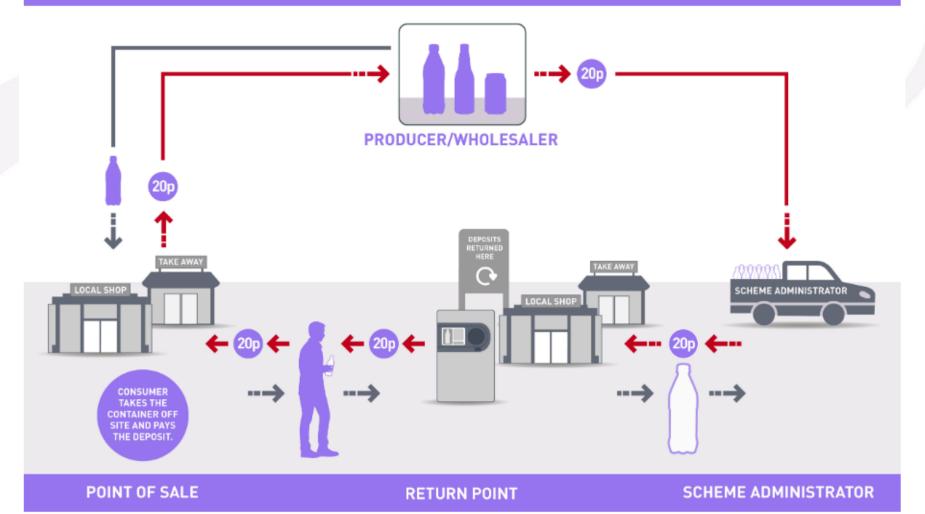
TREATMENT OF HOSPITALITY - ON SITE CONSUMPTION



Off-site Consumption



TREATMENT OF HOSPITALITY - OFF SITE CONSUMPTION



Producers

- For their drinks to be sold in Scotland, all producers must register with SEPA.
- Producers must include a deposit in the sale price of products sold in scheme articles.
- Producers will be charged a producer fee for each container they place on the market. It is this fee that partly funds the DRS.
- Producers can appoint a scheme administrator to operate the Deposit Return Scheme on their behalf.
- The appointed scheme administrator will be responsible for collecting scheme containers from retailers and return points.
- The scheme administrator, under the appointment of producers, will be required to meet annual collection targets for recycling.

Next steps

Draft Regulations were introduced to Scottish Parliament on 10 September 2019, under the Climate Change Act. Under parliamentary procedure, the draft regulations will sit for comment for 90 days.

Following a pause for any required revisions, the final regulations will then be laid for 54 days, at the end of which there will be a final vote by MSPs. The Island Communities Impact Assessment will be published at the same time.

Once the legislation process is complete, businesses will have a minimum of 12 months to get ready before the scheme becomes operational.

Thank you

For more information, including a comprehensive list of FAQs, please visit:

